

# Index

- $\Gamma_{ba}^c$ , 12-2
- $\nabla$ , 12-1
  - action on 1-forms, 12-5
  - action on functions, 12-5
  - action on tensors, 12-6
- $g_{ab}$ , 1-7, 18-2
  - dynamics of, 1-9, 18-2
- $k$ -form, 8-1
- 1-form, 6-1
  
- acceleration, 2-6
  - orthogonal component, 2-16
- action for the gravitational field, 18-2
- affine parameter, 13-2
- algebra
  - Grassmann algebra, 8-2
  - Lie algebra, 9-6, 13-3
- angle between vectors, 15-2
- arc length, 1-3, 2-4
- atlas, 4-3
  - maximal, 4-3
- axioms of separability, 3-2
  
- basis, 3-4
  - change of, 6-3
  - coordinate, 7-3
  - dual, 6-4
  - local, 3-4
- Betti number, 10-14
- Bianchi
  - identities, 14-12
- binormal vector field, 14-5
- black hole, 18-12, 19-1
  - collision, 19-1
- boundary
  - of a manifold, 10-5
  - operator, 10-14
- Brower's theorem, 3-7, 3-9
  
- calculus
  - exterior, 8-1
  - vector calculus, 8-6
- Cartesian product
  - of vector spaces, 8-2
- chart, 4-3
- Christoffel
  - symbols, 15-5
- closed forms, 8-9
- co-chain, 10-12
- cohomology, 3-5, 10-12
  - de Rham cohomology, 10-12
- commutator, 7-2
  - geometric interpretation, 7-5
- compactness
  - as topological invariant, 3-5
- congruence, 11-2
- connected, 3-2
- connectedness
  - as topological invariant, 3-6
- connection
  - antisymmetric part, 14-3
  - coefficients, 12-2
  - linear, 12-1
  - metric, 15-4
    - uniqueness, 15-5
  - Newtonian, 13-7, 16-4

- non-uniqueness, 12-2
  - symmetric, 14-1
  - symmetric part, 13-4
  - transformation of coefficients, 12-3
- conservation laws, 17-4
- continuity equation, 16-3
- continuous media, 17-4
- contraction
  - Lorentz, 1-5
  - of indices, 6-5
- contravariant, 6-4
- convective derivative, 17-4
- coordinate
  - basis, 7-3
  - function, 4-6
- coordinate system, 4-4
  - adapted, 11-2
- coordinate transformation, 1-6
- coordinates
  - Eddington-Finkelstein, 18-10
  - Galilean, 16-1
  - Kruskal, 18-12
  - normal, 13-3
- covariant, 6-4
  - derivative, 12-1
- covector, 6-1
- cube in a manifold, 10-2
- curl, 8-7
- curvature, 2-1, 14-1
  - for different dimensions, 14-12
  - Gaussian, 2-19
  - geometric interpretation, 14-8–14-11
  - intrinsic, 14-9
  - mean, 2-19
  - normal, 2-16
  - of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , 15-11
  - of  $S^2$ , 15-8
  - of a curve, 2-7
  - pincipal, 2-17
  - relative, 5-6
  - tensor, 14-3
  - calculation of, 14-4
- curvature function, 14-5
- curve, 5-1
  - acceleration of, 2-6
  - arc length, 2-4, 2-5
  - complete, 11-2
  - geodesic, 13-1
  - in  $\mathbb{E}^3$ , 2-2
  - in  $\mathbb{E}^3$ , 2-1
  - integral, 11-2
  - integral curve, 11-1
  - on a manifold, 5-1
  - plane, 2-9
  - regular, 2-3
  - reparametrisation, 2-3, 2-5
- derivative
  - as a partial derivative, 11-5
  - convective, 17-4
  - covariant, 2-12, 12-1
  - directional, 2-11
  - exterior, 8-3
  - Lie, 11-3–11-8
  - Lie derivative, 11-1
  - Lie derivative
    - geometric interpretation, 11-4
  - Lie, of  $n$ -forms, 11-7
  - Lie, of 1-form fields, 11-6
  - Lie, of functions, 11-3
  - Lie, of tensors, 11-8
  - Lie, of vector fields, 11-4
- diffeomorphism, 4-4
- differentiable
  - function, 4-6
  - manifold, 4-1, 4-3
- differential
  - form, 6-1
  - map, 9-2
  - of a function, 6-1
- differential forms, 8-1
- differential of a function, 6-1

- dimension, 4-1
  - as topological invariant, 3-6
- direct sum, 8-2
- distance
  - proper, 1-4
- divergence, 8-8
- Doppler effect, 1-7
- drag along curves, 11-3
- dynamics
  - determined by geometry, 2-16
- Eddington-Finkelstein
  - coordinates, 18-10
- Einstein
  - equations, 18-1, 18-4, 18-7
  - tensor, 15-6
- Einstein notation, 1-7, 6-1
- electrodynamics, 16-1
- energy conditions
  - dominant, 18-18
  - strong, 18-18
  - weak, 18-18
- energy-momentum pseudo-tensor, 19-6
- energy-momentum tensor, 17-7
  - electromagnetic, 17-3
  - of a perfect fluid, 17-4
- equivalence
  - topological, 3-1
- equivalence principle, 18-1
- Euler, 2-19
  - equation, 17-5
- Euler's Formula, 2-19
- exact forms, 8-9
- exterior
  - derivative, 8-3
  - product, 8-2
- exterior calculus, 8-1
- field
  - gravitational, 1-1, 1-9
  - tensor field, 7-1
  - vector field, 2-6, 7-1
- first fundamental form, 15-13
- fixed point problem, 3-7, 3-9
- fluid
  - flow, 17-5
  - isentropic, 17-5
  - perfect, 17-5
- fluid dynamics, 16-1, 16-3
- form
  - closed, 10-12
  - differential, 6-1
  - exact, 10-12
  - integrable, 10-1
- form operator, 2-13
- forms
  - closed, 8-9
  - differential, 8-1
  - exact, 8-9
- free fall, 16-4
- Frenet's formulae, 2-1, 2-7
- Frenet's reference frame, 2-6
- Frobenius's theorem, 12-7
- function
  - continuous, 3-5
  - differentiable, 4-6
  - distance function, 3-9
  - distortion function, 2-21
  - integrable, 10-1
  - structure function, 7-3
- future, 16-1
- Galileo's principle, 1-9
- Gauss' theorem, 10-10
- Gaussian curvature, 2-19
- geodesic, 13-1
  - minimum-action principle, 15-19
  - time-like, 17-1
  - uniqueness, 13-1, 13-2
- geodesics
  - in the Schwarzschild metric, 18-13
  - on  $\mathbb{T}^2$ , 15-13

- geometric units, 1-10
- geometry
  - of curved spaces, 1-1
- gradient, 6-1, 6-3, 8-7
- Grassmann algebra, 8-2
- gravitation, *see* general relativity and metric tensor
  - linear theory, 19-1
- gravitational
  - radiation, 19-1
- gravitational field, 1-1
- gravitational potential, 16-4
- gravitational redshift, 1-8
- gravitational wave, 19-7
  - radiated power, 19-8
- group
  - cohomology group, 10-12
  - homology group, 10-14
  - Lie group, 9-6, 13-3, 18-6
- Hamilton
  - equations, 16-5
- Hamiltonian dynamics, 16-5
- helix, 2-2
  - hyperbolic, 2-2
- hole
  - black, 18-12
  - white, 18-12
- homeomorphism, 3-5
- homology, 3-5, 10-12
- index
  - of vector field, 3-7
- inner product, 8-7, 15-1
- integrable form, 10-1
- integrable function, 10-1
- integral
  - integration on manifolds, 10-1
- integral of an  $n$ -form, 10-2
- integration
  - on manifolds, 10-1
- isentropic flow, 17-5, 17-6
- Jacobi identity, 7-2
- Killing
  - equations, 18-6
  - vector, 18-6
- Kruskal coordinates, 18-12
- Lagrangian density, 17-7
- Leibnitz's rule, 5-5
- length
  - of a curve, 15-2
  - of arc, 1-3
- Levi-Civita
  - connection, 15-5
  - tensor, 17-2
- Lie
  - algebra, 9-6
  - group, 9-6
  - Lie group, 18-6
- Lie algebra, 13-3
- Lie derivative, 11-1, 11-3, 11-4, 11-6
  - as partial derivative, 11-5
  - geometric interpretation, 11-4
  - of a tensor field, 11-8
  - of an  $n$ -form, 11-7
- Lie group, 13-3
- light cone, 15-6
- local causality condition, 18-19
- Lorentz
  - contraction, 1-5
  - transformation, 1-1
- Lorentzian manifold, 17-1
- Möbius strip, 4-4, 9-5
- magnitude of a vector, 15-2
- manifold
  - differentiable, 4-1, 4-3
  - Galilean, 16-1
  - Lorentzian, 15-3
  - orientable, 8-9

- pseudo-Riemannian, 15-3
  - Riemannian, 15-3
  - with boundary, 10-4
- map
  - between manifolds, 9-1
  - differential, 9-2
  - exponential, 13-3
- mass moment
  - quadrupolar , 19-5
- Maxwell
  - equations, 17-1
  - tensor, 17-1
- Maxwell relations, 16-7
- mean curvature, 2-19
- mechanics
  - analytical, 8-10
  - Newtonian, 16-1
- metric, 15-3
  - coefficients, 15-3
  - Euclidean, 16-1
  - Lorentzian, 15-3
  - of  $S^n$ , 15-10
  - pseudo-Riemannian, 15-1, 15-3
  - Riemannian, 15-3
  - Schwarzschild, 18-8
  - signature, 15-3
- minimum-action principle, 15-19
- Minkowski space, 15-6
- Morse theory, 3-9
- neighbourhood, 3-2
- Newton
  - equations, 16-5
- Newtonian
  - connection, 13-7
  - potential, 13-6
- Newtonian mechanics, 16-1
- Newtonian potential, 16-4
- normal vector field, 14-5
- notation
  - Einstein, 1-7, 6-1
- one-form, 6-1
- operator
  - boundary, 10-4, 10-5, 10-12
- orientability, 8-10
- orthogonality, 12-6
- parallel
  - transport, 12-2
- partition of unity, 10-3
- past, 16-1
- perfect fluid, 17-5
- Poincaré
  - group, 17-1
- potential
  - gravitational, 16-4
  - Newtonian, 16-4
- principal direction, 2-17
- principle of relativity, 18-1
- product
  - inner, 8-7, 15-1
  - tensor product, 6-5
  - vector product, 8-8
- proper distance, 1-4
- proper time, 1-3, 17-1
- pull-back, 9-2
- quadrupolar mass moment, 19-5
- radiation
  - gravitational, 19-1
- rate of change, 5-1
- reference frame
  - Frenet, 2-6
  - inertial, 1-1
- relative curvature, 5-6
- relativity
  - general, 1-1, 18-1
  - principle, 18-1
  - principle of, 1-1
  - special, 1-1, 17-1
- reparametrisation, 2-3
- Ricci

- curvature, 14-13
- identity, 14-10
- scalar, 14-12, 15-6
- tensor, 14-12
- Riemann
  - tensor, 14-3
    - geometric interpretation, 14-10, 14-11
    - in Newtonian space-time, 16-4
- Riemann tensor
  - for the Schwarzschild metric, 18-13
- Schild's argument, 1-9
- Schwarzschild
  - geodesics, 18-13
  - horizon, 18-11
  - metric, 18-8
  - radius, 18-10
- separability axioms, 3-2
- set
  - closed, 3-2
  - open, 3-2
- simultaneity, 16-1
- singularity, 18-10
- space
  - connected, 3-2
  - curved, 1-9
  - dual, 6-1
  - locally Euclidean, 4-1
  - metric, 3-9
  - of vector fields, 7-3
  - tangent, 5-1, 5-3
  - topological, 3-1
    - $T_0$ , 3-2
    - $T_1$ , 3-3
    - $T_2$ , 3-3
  - connected, 3-2
  - first-countable, 3-4
  - Frèchet, 3-3
  - Hausdorff, 3-3
  - homeomorphic, 3-5
  - Komolgorov, 3-2
    - second-countable, 3-4
- stereographic projection, 4-1
- Stokes theorem, 17-3
- Stokes' theorem, 10-5, 10-14
  - in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , 10-10
- surface
  - in  $\mathbb{E}^3$ , 2-11
- symplectic
  - differential form, 16-5
  - geometry, 16-5
  - manifold, 16-5
- system
  - dynamic, 5-7
  - inertial, 16-4
  - intertial, 17-1
  - local coordinate system, 4-4
  - Newtonian, 16-4
  - thermodynamic, 16-6
- tangent bundle, 7-1
- tangent space, 5-1, 5-3
- tangent vector, 5-1, 5-2
- tangent vector field, 14-5
- tensor, 6-1, 6-4
  - analysis, 7-1
  - antisymmetric, 6-5
  - electromagnetic, 17-1
  - energy-momentum, 17-7, 18-5
    - canonical forms, 18-16
    - electromagnetic, 17-3
    - of a perfect fluid, 17-4
  - field, 7-1
  - metric
    - as a gravitational field, 18-2
  - product, 6-5
  - rank, 6-5
  - symmetric, 6-5
- theorem
  - Brower, 3-7, 3-9
- thermodynamics, 16-1, 16-6
  - first law, 17-5

- first law of, 17-5
- time dilation, 1-3
- topological
  - invariant, 10-14
  - invariants, 3-5
  - topological space, 3-1
    - connected, 3-2
    - Frèchet, 3-3
    - Hausdorff, 3-3
    - Komolgorov, 3-2
- topology, 3-1
  - algebraic, 10-14
  - discrete, 3-2, 3-3
- torsion, 2-1, 14-1
  - coefficients, 14-2
  - geometric interpretation, 14-6
  - of a curve, 2-7
  - tensor, 14-2
- torsion function, 14-5
- torus, 4-5
  - flat torus, 15-16
- transformation
  - coordinate, 1-6
  - Lorentz, 1-1
- transport
  - Lie transport: *see* Lie derivative, 11-1
  - parallel, 12-2
- umbilical point, 2-17
- units
  - geometric, 1-10
- vector
  - binormal, 2-6
  - normal, 2-6
  - null, 15-3
  - orthogonality, 15-7
  - space-like, 15-3, 16-1
  - tangent, 2-6, 5-1, 5-2
  - time-like, 15-3, 16-1
- vector field, 2-6
  - binormal, 14-5
  - normal, 14-5
  - tangent, 14-5
- velocity, 5-1
  - angular, 16-2
  - of a curve, 2-3
- volume element, 8-6
- waves
  - gravitational, 19-1
- wedge product, 8-2
- Weyl
  - curvature, 14-13
  - tensor, 14-12
- white hole, 18-12